

Application Serial No.: 09/883,007  
Attorney Docket No.: Reveo-0127

REMARKS

Claims 1-5 and 7-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. Section 102(b) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,959,707 to Murai et al. ("Murai").

Claims 6 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. Section 103(a) as being unpatentable over Murai in view of U.S. Patent 5,796,454 to Ma ("Ma").

Claims 15-18 and 25-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. Section 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent to Willet et al. ("Willet") in view of Murai.

Claims 19-23, 28, and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. Section 103(a) as being unpatentable over Willet in view of Murai and further in view of Ma.

Claim 24 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. Section 103(a) as being unpatentable over Willet in view of Murai and further in view of U.S. Patent 5,796,447 to Okumura et al. ("Okumura").

Claims 30, 31, and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. Section 103(a) as being unpatentable over Willet in view of Murai and Ma.

Claim 32 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. Section 103(a) as being unpatentable over Willet in view of Murai and Ma, and further in view of Okumura.

Claims 34-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. Section 103(a) as being unpatentable over Willet in view of Murai and Ma, and further in view of U.S. Patent 5,737,044 to Van Haaren et al. ("Van Haaren").

Claims 7-10 and 25-27 have been canceled.

Claims 1-6, 11-24, and 28-37 remain pending.

No new matter is introduced.

**Rejection of Claims 1-5 and 7-13 under 35 U.S.C. Section 102(b)**

The Office Action states that Murai discloses in Figs. 14-24, a cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device comprising: a substrate or glass, an alignment layer or polyimide, and a cholesteric liquid crystal layer including multiple domains skewed at distribution angles and including a plurality of sub-domains, said sub-domains being disposed within a distribution of angles relative to said at least one domain, each of said domains skewed at an angle relative to a plane parallel to said substrate or skewed at a substantially uniform angle.

Murai does not teach or suggest the invention recited in claim 1. Specifically, Murai does not teach a cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device that includes a substrate, an alignment layer, and a cholesteric liquid crystal layer including multiple domains where each of the domains is skewed at a random angle relative to a plane parallel to the substrate. In view of the foregoing, it is respectfully submitted that claim 1 is patentable over Murai.

Claims 2-5 and 9-13, which depend directly or indirectly from the independent claim 1 incorporate all of the limitations of claim 1 and are therefore also patentable over Murai for at least those reasons provided for claim 1.

**Rejection of Claims 6 and 14 under 35 U.S.C. Section 103(a)**

The Office Action states that Murai discloses the device structure as recited in the claim, but does not specifically disclose pixel regions arranged in a repeating array of different colors. The Office action further states that Ma discloses a cholesteric LCD comprising a monochromatic device wherein pixel regions are arranged in a repeating array of red pixels, green pixels, and blue pixels, said red pixels reflecting circularly polarized red light, said green pixels reflecting circularly polarized green light, and blue pixels reflecting circularly polarized blue light.

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However, Murai and Ma, whether taken alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest the subject matter recited in claim 1, as Murai and Ma fail at least to teach or suggest a cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device that includes a substrate, an alignment layer, and a cholesteric liquid crystal layer including multiple domains where each of the domains is skewed at a random angle relative to a plane parallel to the substrate.

In view of the foregoing, it is respectfully submitted that Murai and Ma, whether taken alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest the subject matter recited in claims 6 and 14, which depend directly or indirectly from the independent claim 1 and incorporate all of the limitations of claim 1, and are therefore also patentable over Murai and Ma for at least those reasons provided for claim 1.

**Rejection of Claims 15-18 and 25-27 under 35 U.S.C. Section 103(a)**

The Office Action states that Willet discloses, in fig. 2, a reflective liquid crystal display comprising a planar cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device, a liquid crystal cell, and an internal quarter-wave retarder, said cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device, said liquid crystal cell, and said quarter-wave retarder being superposed with one another, but omits a cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device, including multiple domains, each of said domains skewed at a substantially uniform angle or at a random angle relative to a plane parallel to the cholesteric LCD.

The Office Action further states that Murai discloses, in figs. 14-24, a cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device including multiple domains skewed at a substantially uniform angle or skewed at distribution angles and including a plurality of sub-domains, said sub-domains being disposed within a distribution of angles relative to said at least one domain, each of said domains skewed at an angle relative to a plain parallel to the cholesteric LCD.

Willet and Murai do teach or suggest the invention recited in claim 15. Specifically, Willet and Murai, whether taken alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest a reflective liquid crystal polarizing display which includes a liquid crystal cell, an internal quarter-wave retarder, and a planar cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device, which includes multiple domains where each of the domains is skewed at a random angle relative to a plane parallel to the cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device; and where the cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device, the liquid crystal cell, and the quarter-wave retarder are superposed with one another. In view of the foregoing, it is respectfully submitted that claim 15 is patentable over Willet and Murai.

Claims 16-18, which depend directly or indirectly from the independent claim 15, incorporate all of the limitations of claim 15, and are therefore also patentable over Willet and Murai for at least those reasons provided for claim 15.

**Rejection of Claims 19-23, 28, and 29 under 35 U.S.C. Section 103(a)**

The Office Action states that the combination of Willet and Murai discloses the device structure as recited in the claim, but does not specifically disclose pixel regions arranged in a repeating array of different colors. The Office action further states that Ma discloses a cholesteric LCD wherein pixel regions are arranged in a repeating array of red pixels, green pixels, and blue pixels, said red pixels reflecting circularly polarized red light, said green pixels reflecting circularly polarized green light, and blue pixels reflecting circularly polarized blue light.

However, Willet, Murai, and Ma, whether taken alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest the subject matter recited in claim 15, as each of these references fails at least to teach or suggest a reflective liquid crystal polarizing display which includes a liquid crystal cell, an internal quarter-wave retarder, and a planar cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device which includes

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multiple domains where each of the domains is skewed at a random angle relative to a plane parallel to the cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device; and where the cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device, the liquid crystal cell, and the quarter-wave retarder are superposed with one another.

In view of the foregoing, it is respectfully submitted that Willet, Murai, and Ma, whether taken alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest the subject matter recited in claims 19-23, 28, and 29, which depend directly or indirectly from the independent claim 15 and incorporate all of the limitations of claim 15, and are therefore also patentable over Willet, Murai, and Ma for at least those reasons provided for claim 15.

**Rejection of Claim 24 under 35 U.S.C. Section 103(a)**

The Office Action states that the combination of Willet and Murai discloses the device structure as recited in the claim, but does not specifically disclose a cholesteric liquid crystal comprising a plurality of pixel regions, which are in registration with a plurality of pixel regions of a TFT array. The Office action further states that Okumura discloses a cholesteric liquid crystal display including a TFT array having a plurality of pixel regions, and said plurality of pixel regions of said TFT array are in registration with said plurality of pixel regions of said cholesteric liquid crystal device.

However, Willet, Murai, and Okumura, whether taken alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest the subject matter recited in claim 15, as each of these references fails at least to teach or suggest a reflective liquid crystal polarizing display which includes a liquid crystal cell, an internal quarter-wave retarder, and a planar cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device which includes multiple domains where each of the domains is skewed at a random angle relative to a plane parallel

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to the cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device; and where the cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device, the liquid crystal cell, and the quarter-wave retarder are superposed with one another.

In view of the foregoing, it is respectfully submitted that Willet, Murai, and Okumura, whether taken alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest the subject matter recited in claim 24, which depends directly or indirectly from the independent claim 15 and incorporates all of the limitations of claim 15, and is therefore also patentable over Willet, Murai, and Okumura for at least those reasons provided for claim 15.

**Rejection of Claims 30, 31, and 33 under 35 U.S.C. Section 103(a)**

The Office Action states that Willet discloses, in fig. 2, a reflective liquid crystal display comprising a planar cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device, a liquid crystal cell, and an internal quarter-wave retarder, said cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device, said liquid crystal cell, and said quarter wave retarder being superposed with one another, but omits a cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device, including multiple domains, each of said domains skewed at an angle relative to a plane parallel to the cholesteric LCD and an absorbing medium.

The Office Action further states that Murai discloses, in figs. 14-23, a cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device including multiple domains skewed at an angle relative to a plane parallel to the cholesteric LCD.

The Office Action still further states that Ma discloses a cholesteric device comprising a liquid crystal cell comprising a twisted agent and an absorbing medium.

Willet, Murai, or Ma do not teach or suggest the invention recited in claim 30. Specifically, Willet, Murai, and Ma, whether taken alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest a reflective liquid crystal display comprising a linear polarizer having a polarization direction, a liquid crystal

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cell, a quarter-wave retarder having a fast axis, an absorbing medium, and a planar cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device including a plurality of pixel regions and multiple domains each of which are skewed at a random angle relative to a plane parallel to the cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device. In view of the foregoing, it is respectfully submitted that claim 30 is patentable over Willet, Murai, and Ma.

Claims 31 and 33, which depend directly or indirectly from the independent claim 30, incorporate all of the limitations of claim 30 and are therefore also patentable over Willet, Murai, and Ma for at least those reasons provided for claim 30.

**Rejection of Claim 32 under 35 U.S.C. Section 103(a)**

The Office Action states that the combination of Willet, Murai, and Ma discloses the device structure as recited in the claim, but does not specifically disclose a cholesteric liquid crystal comprising a plurality of pixel regions, which are in registration with a plurality of pixel regions of a TFT array. The Office action further states that Okamura discloses a cholesteric liquid crystal display including a TFT array having a plurality of pixel regions; and said plurality of pixel regions of said TFT array are in registration with said plurality of pixel regions of said cholesteric liquid crystal device.

Willet, Murai, Ma, and Okamura, whether taken alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest the subject matter recited in claim 30, as each of these references fails at least to teach or suggest a reflective liquid crystal display comprising a linear polarizer having a polarization direction, a liquid crystal cell, a quarter-wave retarder having a fast axis, an absorbing medium, and a planar cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device including a plurality of pixel regions and

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multiple domains each of which are skewed at a random angle relative to a plane parallel to the cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device.

In view of the foregoing, it is respectfully submitted that Willet, Murai, Ma, and Okumura, whether taken alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest the subject matter recited in claim 32, which depends directly or indirectly from the independent claim 30 and incorporates all of the limitations of claim 30, and is therefore also patentable over Willet, Murai, Ma, and Okumura for at least those reasons provided for claim 30.

**Rejection of Claims 34-37 under 35 U.S.C. Section 103(a)**

The Office Action states that the combination of Willet, Murai, and Ma discloses a cholesteric LCD device structure as recited in the claim including a black mode device and a white mode device, said cholesteric polarizing device reflecting left-hand or right-hand circularly polarized light, but fails to disclose a retarder oriented at 45 degrees. The Office action further states that Van Haaren discloses a retarder oriented at 45 degrees to a polarization direction.

Willet, Murai, Ma, and Van Haaren, whether taken alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest the subject matter recited in claim 30, as each of these references fails at least to teach or suggest a reflective liquid crystal display comprising a linear polarizer having a polarization direction, a liquid crystal cell, a quarter-wave retarder having a fast axis, an absorbing medium, and a planar cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device including a plurality of pixel regions and multiple domains each of which are skewed at a random angle relative to a plane parallel to the cholesteric liquid crystal polarizing device.

In view of the foregoing, it is respectfully submitted that Willet, Murai, Ma, and Van Haaren, whether taken alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest the subject matter recited in

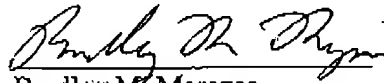
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claims 34-37, which depend directly or indirectly from the independent claim 30 and incorporate all of the limitations of claim 30, and are therefore also patentable over Willet, Murai, Ma, and Van Haaren for at least those reasons provided for claim 30.

**Conclusion**

In view of the foregoing, applicants respectfully request reconsideration, withdrawal of all rejections, and allowance of all pending claims in due course.

Respectfully submitted,

  
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